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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of th	e
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder	

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_	01/01/05 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	12/31/05 MM/DD/YY
A. REG	ISTRANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: KINGEN	LLY CAPITAL	Conf.	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSI	NESS: (Do not use P.O.	Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
1	(No. and Street)		
GLEN ROCK	NJ	c	7452
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE	RSON TO CONTACT II	N REGARD TO THIS RE	PORT YOI - 444 - 5977 (Area Code - Telephone Number)
B, ACC	OUNTANT IDENTI	FICATION	(
LHIPETINE, BERNARD 585 STEWART AVE, SUTTE			11520
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in Unit	ed States or any of its po	FINANCI	006 Z

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

> Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I. KAMAL	SMITH	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief	the accompanying fin	ancial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of Decompor	31	, 2005, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor a classified solely as that of		or, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account s follows:
This report ** contains (c) (a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Final (c) Statement of Cha (d) Statement of Cha (e) Statement of Cha (g) Computation of I (h) Computation for (i) Information Rela (j) A Reconciliation Computation for (k) A Reconciliation consolidation. (l) An Oath or Affir (m) A copy of the SI (n) A report describing	ancial Condition. Inges in Financial Condinges in Stockholders Inges in Liabilities Sunet Capital. Determination of Resting to the Possession, including appropria Determination of the between the audited remation. PC Supplemental Reging any material inadeconders.	wyork anty 0,20 oxes): Indition. 'Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital. obordinated to Claims of Creditors. serve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. n or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. te explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of

KIMBERLY CAPITAL CORP.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2005

KIMBERLY CAPITAL CORP. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2005

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Bernard Chipetine, C.P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

585 STEWART AVENUE, SUITE L-50 GARDEN CITY, NEW YORK 11530

(516) 248-9300 FAX (516) 248-8711

ACCOUNTANTS' AUDITED REPORT

Board of Directors Kimberly Capital Corp.

I have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Kimberly Capital Corp. as of December 31, 2005 and the related statements of income changes in stockholder's equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kimberly Capital Corp. at December 31, 2005, and the results of their operations and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, III and IV is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Beinard Chipetine
Bernard Chipetine, CPA

Garden City, New York January 13, 2006

KIMBERLY CAPITAL CORP. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2005

ASSETS

\$23,577 5,944
250
29,771
21,702
<u>\$51,473</u>
\$ 1,452
50,021

KIMBERLY CAPITAL CORP. STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

REVENUES	
Commissions	\$39,234
Other Income:	
Including Interest & Dividends	<u>402</u>
TOTAL REVENUES – NET OF LOSSES	39,636
EXPENSES	
Floor Brokerage, Exchange, & Clearance Fees	5,678
Communications & Data Processing	849
Regulatory Dues, Fees & Expenses	866
Occupancy Costs	3,045
Other Expenses	24,218
TOTAL EXPENSES	34,656
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME & FRANCHISE TAXES	4,980
PROVISION FOR INCOME & FRANCHISE TAXES	986
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 3,994
INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK	<u>\$ 20</u>

KIMBERLY CAPITAL CORP. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

CAPITAL STOCK

Capital Stock - Authorized & Issued 200 Shares		
With No Par Value		\$10,000
Additional Paid In Capital		40,000
TOTAL CAPITAL – BEGINNING AND ENDING		50,000
RETAINED EARNINGS		
Retained Earnings - January 1, 2005	\$ 1,827	
Net Income	3,994	
Distributions	(5,800)	
Retained Earnings – December 31, 2005		21
TOTAL STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		<u>\$50,021</u>

KIMBERLY CAPITAL CORP. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SUBORDINATED BORROWINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Subordinated Borrowings At January 1, 2005	\$ 0
Decreases:	
Payment of Stockholder's Loan	(
Subordinated Borrowings At December 31, 2005	<u>\$(</u>

KIMBERLY CAPITAL CORP. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Income		\$ 3,994
Adjustments To Reconcile Net Loss To Net Cash		,
Provided By Operating Activities:		
Depreciation & Amortization	\$ 3,740	
Changes In Assets & Liabilities:	7 - 7	
Net Decrease In Reserve & Clearing Account	(3,247)	
Net Receivable From Broker-Dealers	(-,,)	
& Clearing Organizations	(4,537)	
Prepaid Expenses & Taxes	1,295	
Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses &	1,270	
Other Liabilities	752	
Other Endomnies	152	
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		(1,997)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		1.007
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		1,997
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Decrease In Not Readily Marketable Securities		3,300
Decrease in Not Readily Marketable Securities		3,300
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	•	
Distributions To Shareholder		(5,800)
Distributions 10 Shareholder		(3,800)
NET DECREASE IN CASH		
& CASH EQUIVALENTS		(503)
& CASH EQUIVALENTS		(303)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS – January 1, 2005		622
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS – December 31, 2005		<u>\$ 119</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMA	TION	
Cash Paid During The Period For:		
Income & Franchise Taxes		<u>\$ 986</u>
Interest Expense		\$ 0
·		

KIMBERLY CAPITAL CORP. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. DECEMBER 31, 2005

1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS:

The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD). The Company is a New Jersey Corporation.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

a) The Company is engaged in a single line business as a securities broker-dealer.

b) Securities Transactions:

Proprietary securities transactions is regular-way trades are recorded on the trade date, as if they had settled. Profit and loss arising from all securities are entered into for the account and risk of the Company are recorded on a trade date basis. Customers' securities transactions are reported on the settlement date basis with related commission and expenses reported on the trade date basis.

c) Marketable Securities are valued at market value.

d) Commissions:

Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis as securities transactions occur.

e) Income Taxes:

The Company has elected to have its income taxed under the provisions of Subchapter "S" of the Internal Revenue Code, Section 1372. Under those provisions, the Corporation does not pay federal income taxes on its taxable income. Instead, the Shareholder is taxed on her share of the Company's taxable income. Deferred tax expenses or benefits are recognized in the financial statements for the changes in deferred tax liabilities or assets between years.

f) Depreciation:

Equipment is stated at acquisition cost. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line and various accelerated methods over the estimated useful life of the property. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expenses when incurred and renewals and betterments are capitalized.

The cost and related accumulated depreciation of assets sold, or otherwise disposed of, are eliminated from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in income.

KIMBERLY CAPITAL CORP SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

The accompanying schedules are prepared in accordance with the requirements and general format of FOCUS Form X-17a-5.

Pursuant to SEC Rule 17a-5(a)(4), there are no differences in the firms computation of net capital compared with the computations contained in this report.

SCHEDULE I

KIMBERLY CAPITAL CORP. COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

NET CAPITAL		
Total Stockholder's Equity		<u>\$50,021</u>
Total Stockholder's Equity Qualified For Net Capital Add:		\$50,021
Subordinated Stockholder's Loan Allowable-Credit-Deferred Income Taxes Payable		0
TOTAL CAPITAL		50,021
Deductions and/or Changes: Non-allowable Assets: Equipment And Automobiles – Net	\$21,702	
Prepaid Expenses And Taxes Clearing Deposit – Restricted Funds	250 5,125	,
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS		27,077
Net Capital Before Haircut On Securities Positions Haircuts On Securities:		22,944
Money Market Funds		367
NET CAPITAL		<u>\$22,577</u>
Aggregate Indebtedness Other Accounts Payable & Accrued Expenses		<u>\$ 1,452</u>
Computation Of Basic Net Capital Requirement: Company		<u>\$ 5,000</u>
Excess Net Capital		<u>\$17,577</u>
Excess Net Capital At 1,000 Percent		<u>\$22,431</u>
Ratio: Aggregate Indebtedness To Net Capital		6%

There were no material differences found between the report of the auditor and of the company in reporting Part IIA of computing net capital.

SCHEDULE II

KIMBERLY CAPITAL CORP. COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

Kimberly Capital Corp. is classified as an introducing broker-dealer and therefore is exempt from the requirements of Rule 15c3-3.

SCHEDULE III

KIMBERLY CAPITAL CORP. INFORMATION RELATING TO POSSESSIN OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

Kimberly Capital Corp. is classified as an introducing broker-dealer and therefore is exempt from the requirements of Rule 15c3-3.

SCHEDULE IV

KIMBERLY CAPITAL CORP. SCHEDULE OF SEGREGATION REQUIREMENTS AND FUNDS IN SEGREGATION FOR CUSTOMERS' REGULATED COMMODITY FUTURES AND OPTIONS ACCOUNTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

Kimberly Capital Corp. is classified as an introducing broker-dealer and therefore is exempt from the requirements of Rule 15c3-3.

Bernard Chipetine, C.P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

585 STEWART AVENUE, SUITE L-50 GARDEN CITY, NEW YORK 11530

(516) 248-9300 FAX (516) 248-8711

Board of Directors Kimberly Capital Corp.

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of Kimberly Capital Corp. (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2005, I considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purposes of expressing my opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), I have made a study of the practices and procedures that I considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital provisions under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, I did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons.
- 2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payments for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related cost of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of the inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, I noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities that I consider to be a material weakness as defined above.

I understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objective referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purpose in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and the practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on my study, I believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Board of Directors, Management, the SEC, NASD and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation or registered brokers and dealers, and should not be used for any other purpose.

Bernard Chipetine, CPA

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Garden City, New York January 13, 2006